HAMILTON-C6

Technical specification for SW version 1.2.x

Ventilation modes

Standard: ✓ Option: O Not applicable: --

Mode form	Mode name	Mode	Adult/Ped	Neonatal
Volume-controlled modes, flow controlled	(S)CMV	Breaths are volume-controlled and mandatory, including patient-triggered breaths.	✓	
	SIMV	Volume-controlled mandatory breaths can be alternated with pressure-supported breaths.	✓	
Volume-targeted modes,	APVcmv / (S)CMV+	Breaths are volume targeted and mandatory.	✓	✓
adaptive pressure controlled	APVsimv / SIMV+	Volume-targeted mandatory breaths can be alternated with pressure-supported spontaneous breaths.	✓	✓
Pressure-controlled modes	PCV+	All breaths, whether triggered by the patient or the ventilator, are pressure-controlled and mandatory.	✓	✓
	PSIMV+	Mandatory breaths are pressure controlled. Mandatory breaths can be alternated with pressure-supported spontaneous breaths.	✓	✓
	DuoPAP	Mandatory breaths are pressure controlled. Spontaneous breaths can be triggered at both pressure levels.	✓	✓
	APRV	Spontaneous breaths can be continuously triggered. The pressure release between the levels contributes to ventilation.	✓	✓
	SPONT	Every breath is spontaneous, with or without pressure-supported spontaneous breaths.	✓	✓
Intelligent ventilation	ASV [®]	Operator sets %MinVol, PEEP, and Oxygen. Frequency, tidal volume, pressure, and I:E ratio are based on physiological input from the patient.	√	
Noninvasive modes	NIV	Every breath is spontaneous.	✓	✓
	NIV-ST	Every breath is spontaneous as long as the patient is breathing above the set rate. A backup rate can be set for mandatory breaths	√	✓
	nCPAP-PS	Every breath is spontaneous as long as the patient is breathing above the set rate. A backup rate can be set for mandatory breaths		0



Standard configuration and options (in alphabetical order)

Standard: ✓ Option: O Not applicable: --

Functions	Adult/Ped	Neonatal
Capnography, mainstream (volumetric) and sidestream	0	0
Communication ports: Three COM ports, two USB ports, DVI, Nurse call	✓	✓
Communication protocols: for details, see the <i>Connectivity</i> brochure	✓	✓
Distributed alarm system (DAS) compatible	✓	✓
Dynamic Lung (real-time visualization of the lungs)	✓	
ivent log (up to 10,000 events with date and time stamp)	✓	✓
HAMILTON-H900 humidifier integration	0	0
ligh flow oxygen therapy (HiFlowO2)	0	0
nspiratory and expiratory hold maneuver	✓	✓
ntelliCuff® integrated cuff pressure controller	0	0
ntelliSync+ (inspiratory and expiratory trigger synchronization)	0	
anguages	·····✓	·····✓
English, US English, Chinese, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hungarian,		
ndonesian, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Serbian, Slovak,		
panish, Swedish, Turkish, Ukrainian)		
eakage compensation	√	√
Alanual breath/prolonged inspiration	√	√
Jebulization (Aerogen ^s)	0	0
lebulization (pneumatic)	√	
02 enrichment	√	√
On-screen help	✓	✓
∕V Tool® Pro	0	0
Paramagnetic O2 sensor	0	0
atient group	✓	0
rint screen	✓	✓
creen lock	✓	✓
econd battery	0	0
pO2 monitoring	0	0
tandby with timer	✓	✓
uctioning tool	0	0
ranspulmonary pressure monitoring	✓	✓
RC (tube resistance compensation)	✓	✓
rends/Loops	✓	✓
rigger, flow and pressure selectable	✓	✓
/ent Status (visual representation of patient's ventilator dependence)	✓	······✓

Technical performance

Description	Specification
Automatic expiratory base flow	Fixed at 6 I/min
Inspiratory pressure	0 to 100 cmH2O
Maximum inspiratory flow	260 l/min
Means of inspiratory triggering	Flow trigger, pressure trigger, or optional IntelliSync+
Means of expiratory triggering	Flow cycling (ETS), or optional IntelliSync+
Minimum expiratory time	20% of cycle time; 0.2 to 0.8 seconds
O2 input flow	80 l/min (at 2.8 bar/ 280 kPa / 41 psi input pressure)
Oxygen mixer accuracy	± (Volume fraction of 2.5% + 2.5% of actual reading)
Preoperational checks	Leak test, Flow sensor/O2 sensor/CO2 sensor calibration
Tidal volume	Adult/Ped: 20 to 2000 ml Neonatal: 2 to 300 ml

Standards and approvals

Classification	Class Ilb, continuously operating according to EC directive 93/42/EEC	
Certification	EN 60601-1:2006/A1:2013, IEC 60601-1-2:2014, ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/(R)2012, ISO 80601-2-12:2011, CAN/CSA-C22.2 NO. 60601-1:14, EN ISO 5356-1:2015, ISO 80601-2-55:2018	
Declaration	The HAMILTON-C6 was developed in accordance with pertinent international standards and FDA guidelines. The ventilator is manufactured within an EN ISO 13485 and EN ISO 9001, Council Directive 93/42/EEC, Annex II, Article 3 certified quality management system. The ventilator meets the Essential Requirements of Council Directive 93/42/EEC, Annex I.	
Electromagnetic compatibility	According to IEC 60601-1-2:2014	
Safety class	Class I, Type B applied part (ventilator breathing system, VBS), type BF applied parts CO2 sensor including CO2 module connector, humidifier, Aerogen§ system, nebulizer, and SpO2 sensor including SpO2 adapter, continuous operation according to IEC 60601-1	
	adapter, continuous operation according to IEC 60601-1	

Pneumatic performance

O2	Input pressure:	2.8 to 6 bar / 41 to 87 psi
	Connector:	DISS (CGA 1240) or NIST
Air supply	Integrated turbine with lifetime warra	nty
Inspiratory outlet (<i>To patient</i> port)	Connector:	ISO 15 mm ID/22 mm OD conical
Expiratory outlet (From patient port)	Connector (on expiratory valve):	ISO 15 mm ID/22 mm OD conical

Electrical specifications

Input power	100 to 240 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz	
Power consumption	60 VA typical, 210 VA (510 VA with humidifier) maximum	
Battery	Electrical specifications:	14.4 V, 5.0 Ah, 72 Wh, 48 W typical, 288 W maximum
	Type:	Lithium-ion
	Normal operating time:	\geq 90 min with one battery / \geq 180 min with two batteries

Graphical patient data

Graphic type/tab name	Options
Waveforms	Pressure, Flow, Volume, PCO2 ¹ , FCO2 ¹ , Plethysmogram ¹ , Ptrach, Pes, Ptranspulm, Off
Intelligent panels	Dynamic Lung², Vent Status, ASV Graph³, SMPs (Secondary monitoring parameters)
Trends	1-, 6-, 12-, 24-, or 72-h trend data for a selected parameter or combination of parameters
Loops	Pressure/Volume, Pressure/Flow, Volume/Flow, Volume/PCO21, Volume/FCO21, Pes/Volume,
	Ptranspulm/Volume

¹ CO2 + SpO2 option required ² Only for adult/pediatric patients ³ Only in ASV mode

Alarms

Priority	Alarm
High priority	Apnea, Check for blockage, Minute volume high/low, Oxygen high/low, Pressure high/low,
	High Pressure during Sigh, Pressure not released
	Flow sensor calibration needed (during ventilation), Check flow sensor tubing, Check flow sensor,
	External flow sensor failed, Replace O2 sensor, Oxygen supply failed, Buzzer defective, Loudspeaker defective
	Disconnection on patient/ventilator side, Exhalation obstructed
	Options not found, Self test failed, Blower fault, Device temperature high, Vent outlet temperature high, Panel connection lost
	Battery low, Battery power loss, Battery totally discharged, Battery temperature high,
	Battery communication error, Battery defective, No ventilation after power failure
	Sp02: ⁴ Low Sp02
	HAMILTON-H900: Humidifier tilt, Humidifier chamber temp high, Humidifier Y-piece temp high,
	Humidifier water high, Humidifier error, Check humidifier
	IntelliCuff: Cuff leak, Check IntelliCuff
Medium priority	Aerogen nebulizer disconnected, Frequency high/low, Vt high/low, Inspiratory volume limitation, High PEEP,
	Loss of PEEP, Pressure limitation
	Flow sensor calibration needed, Flip the flow sensor, Check flow sensor for water (Neonatal)
	Fan failure, Function key not operational, Performance limited by high altitude, Real-time clock failure,
	Battery low
	Remote communication error, Remote communication timeout
	CO2: ⁵ PetCO2 high/low
	SpO2: Adapter missing, SpO2: Light interference, SpO2: Low perfusion index, SpO2: Poor signal,
	SpO2: Probe missing, SpO2: Patient disconnected, SpO2: Sensor error, PI high/low, PVI high/low, Pulse high/low Low SpO2
	HAMILTON-H900: Check breathing circuit limbs, Check humidifier, Humidifier chamber temp low,
	Humidifier Y-piece temp low, Humidifier water low, Humidifier check chamber, Humidifier check left/right tube
	IntelliCuff: Check IntelliCuff, Cuff deflated, Cuff pressure high, Cannot turn off IntelliCuff
ow priority	ASV: Cannot meet target, Maximum leak compensation, Pressure limit has changed, Pressure high,
, ,	Suctioning maneuver, Apnea ventilation, Apnea ventilation ended
	Flow sensor calibration needed, Replace HEPA filter, IRV (inverse ratio ventilation), Release valve defective,
	Touch not functional, Check settings, Settings file error, Language not loaded, Panel settings file error
	Continue charging battery, Battery calibration required, Battery replacement required, Wrong battery,
	Battery low, Loss of external power
	O2 sensor calibration needed, O2 sensor defective, O2 sensor missing, O2 sensor not system compatible
	Invalid communication board
	CO2:5 CO2 calibration needed, CO2 sensor defect, CO2 sensor disconnected, CO2 sensor over temperature,
	CO2 sensor warmup, Check CO2 sampling line, Check CO2 airway adapter, CO2: Poor signal
	SpO2.⁴ High SpO2
	HAMILTON-H900: Check humidifier, Check humidifier communication
	IntelliCuff: Check IntelliCuff

⁴ If the SpO2 option is installed and enabled. ⁵ If the CO2 option is installed and enabled.

Control settings and ranges

Parameter (units)	Range Adult/Ped ⁶	Range Neonatal ⁶
%MinVol (%)	25 to 350	
Apnea backup	On, Off	On, Off
Cuff pressure ⁷ (cmH2O)	0 to 50	0 to 50
End PEEP ⁸ (cmH2O)	0 to 35	0 to 35
Expiratory trigger sensitivity ETS (%)	5 to 80	5 to 80
Flow pattern	Square, Decel. 50%, Sine, Decel. 100%	
Flow trigger (I/min)	0.5 to 20, Off	0.1 to 5.0, Off
Flow ⁹ (I/min)	2 to 60	2 to 12
Gender (sex)	Male, Female	
I:E	1:9 to 4:1	1:9 to 4:1
Max. pressure ⁷ (cmH2O)	6 to 50	6 to 50
Min. pressure ⁷ (cmH2O)	5 to 49	5 to 49
Nebulizer Duration (min)	5 to 40, continuous	5 to 40, continuous
Nebulizer Synchronisation	Inspiration, Exhalation, Insp. and Exh.	Inspiration, Exhalation, Insp. and Exh.
Oxygen (%)	21 to 100	21 to 100
P high (cmH2O) (only in DuoPAP and APRV)	0 to 100	0 to 60
P low (cmH2O) (only in APRV)	0 to 50	0 to 25
Pat. height (cm) (in)	30 to 250 / 12 to 98	
Pause (%)	0 to 70	
Peak flow (I/min)	1 to 195	
PEEP/CPAP (cmH2O)	0 to 50	0 to 25
Plimit (cmH2O)	5 to 100	
P-ramp (ms)	0 to 2000	0 to 600
Pressure trigger (cmH2O)	-0.1 to -15.0, Off	-0.1 to -15.0, Off
Pstart ⁸ (cmH2O)	0 to 35	0 to 35
Ptop ⁸ (cmH2O)	25 to 60	25 to 60
Ramp speed ⁸ (s)	2 to 5	2 to 5
Rate (b/min)	1 to 80	1 to 150
Rel. pressure ⁷ (cmH2O)	-15 to 5	-15 to 5
Set temp ¹⁰ (°C)	INV: 35 to 41 NIV: 30 to 35 HiFlowO2: 33 to 37	INV: 35 to 41 NIV: 30 to 35 HiFlowO2: 33 to 37

⁶ Parameter settings and ranges can vary depending on the selected mode.
⁷ If the IntelliCuff integrated cuff pressure controller option is installed.
⁸ If the P/V Tool Pro option is installed.
⁹ Only for high flow oxygen therapy.
¹⁰ If the HAMILTON-H900 humidifier integration option is installed.

Parameter (units)	Range Adult/Ped ⁶	Range Neonatal ⁶
Sigh	On, Off	
T gradient ¹⁰ (°C)	-2 to 3	-2 to 3
T high (s) (in DuoPAP and APRV)	0.1 to 40	0.1 to 40
T low (s) (in APRV)	0.2 to 40	0.2 to 40
TI (s)	0.1 to 12	0.1 to 12
TI max (s)	0.5 to 3	0.25 to 3.0
Tip (s)	0 to 8	
Tpause ⁸ (s)	0 to 30	0 to 30
TRC compensation (%)	0 to 100	0 to 100
Vt (ml)	20 to 2000	2 to 300
Weight (kg)		0.2 to 30.0
ΔPcontrol (cmH2O)	5 to 100	3 to 60
ΔPinsp (cmH2O)	3 to 100	0 to 60
ΔPsupport (cmH2O)	0 to 100	0 to 60

Monitoring parameters

Parameter (units)		Description	
Pressure	AutoPEEP (cmH2O)	Unintended positive end-expiratory pressure	
	Paw (cmH2O)	Airway pressure	
	ΔP (cmH2O)	Driving pressure	
	PTP (cmH2O*s)	Inspiratory pressure time product	
	Pcuff (cmH2O)	Cuff pressure	
	Ptrans I (cmH2O)	The arithmetic mean value of Ptranspulm over the last 100 ms of the last inspiration.	
	Ptrans E (cmH2O)	The arithmetic mean value of Ptranspulm over the last 100 ms of the last expiration.	
	PEEP/CPAP (cmH2O)	PEEP (positive end-expiratory pressure) and CPAP (continuous positive airway pressure)	
	Pinsp (cmH2O)	Inspiratory pressure	
	Pmean (cmH2O)	Mean airway pressure	
	Ppeak (cmH2O)	Peak airway pressure	
	Pplateau (cmH2O)	Plateau or end-inspiratory pressure	
	Pprox (cmH2O)	Airway pressure at proximal patient interface	
	Pes min (cmH2O)	See PEEP. The pressure is measured through the Pes port instead of using airway pressure	
	Pes max (cmH2O)	See Ppeak. The pressure is measured through the Pes port instead of using	
		airway pressure.	
	Pes plateau (cmH2O)	See Pplateau. The pressure is measured through the Pes port instead of using	
		airway pressure.	
	Pes PTP (cmH2O*s)	See PTP. The pressure is measured through the Pes port instead of using airway pressure.	
	Pes P0.1 (cmH2O)	See P0.1. The pressure is measured through the Pes port instead of using airway pressure.	
Flow	Control Flow (I/min)	The set flow of gas to the patient when using HiFlowO2	
	Insp Flow (I/min)	Peak inspiratory flow, spontaneous or mandatory	
	Exp Flow (l/min)	Peak expiratory flow	
Volume	ExpMinVol or MinVol NIV (I/min)	Expiratory minute volume	
	MVSpont or MVSpont NIV (I/min)	Spontaneous expiratory minute volume	
	VTE or VTE NIV (ml)	Expiratory tidal volume	
	VTESpont (ml)	Spontaneous expiratory tidal volume	
	VTI or VTI NIV (ml)	Inspiratory tidal volume	
	Vt/IBW	Tidal volume is calculated by ideal body weight (adult/pediatric patients) and according to	
	Vt/Weight (ml/kg)	the actual body weight for neonatal patients.	
	VLeak (%) or MVLeak (l/min)	Leakage percent or total minute volume leakage	

Parameter (units)		Description
CO2	FetCO2 (%)	Fractional end-tidal CO2 concentration
	PetCO2 (mmHg)	End-tidal CO2 pressure
	slopeCO2 (%CO2/l)	Slope of the alveolar plateau in the PetCO2 curve, indicating the volume/flow status of the lungs
	V'alv (I/min)	Alveolar minute ventilation
	Vtalv (ml)	Alveolar tidal ventilation
	V'CO2 (ml/min)	CO2 elimination
	VDaw (ml)	Airway dead space
	VDaw/VTE (%)	Airway dead space fraction at the airway opening
	VeCO2 (ml)	Exhaled CO2 volume
	ViCO2 (ml)	Inspired CO2 volume
SpO2	SpO2 (%)	Oxygen saturation
	Pulse (1/min)	Pulse
	Plethysmogram	The waveform that visualizes the pulsating blood volume; it is delivered by the pulse oximeter.
	SpO2/FiO2 (%)	The SpO2/FiO2 ratio (%) is an approximation of the PaO2/FiO2 ratio, which, in contrast to PaO2/
		FiO2, can be calculated noninvasively and continuously.
	OSI	Oxygen saturation index
	PI (%)	Perfusion index
	PVI (%)	Pleth variability index
	SpCO (%)	Carboxyhemoglobin saturation
	SpMet (%)	Methemoglobin saturation
	SpHb (g/dl) (mmol/l)	Total hemoglobin
	SpOC (ml/dl)	Oxygen content
Oxygen	Oxygen (%)	Oxygen concentration of the delivered gas
Time	I:E	Inspiratory:expiratory ratio
	fControl (b/min)	Mandatory breath frequency
	fSpont (b/min)	Spontaneous breathing frequency
	fTotal (b/min)	Total breathing frequency
	TI (s)	Inspiratory time
	TE (s)	Expiratory time
	Pause (s)	Inspiratory pause or plateau
Lung mechanics	Cstat (ml/cmH2O)	Static compliance
	P0.1 (cmH2O)	Airway occlusion pressure
	PTP (cmH2O*s)	Pressure time product
	RCexp (s)	Expiratory time constant
	Rinsp (cmH2O / (l/s))	Inspiratory flow resistance
	RSB (1 / (I*min))	Rapid shallow breathing index
Humidifier	T humidifier (°C)	Measured temperature at water chamber exit
related	T Y-piece (°C)	Measured temperature at the Y-piece

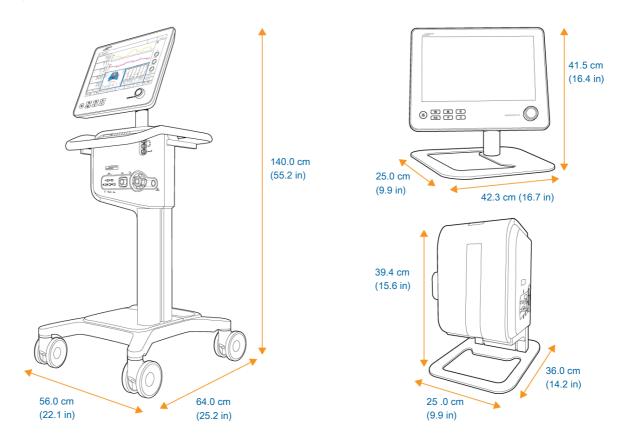
Physical characteristics

Weight	Monitor (interaction panel) without shelf mount: 7.8 kg (17.2 lb) Monitor with shelf mount: 10 kg (22 lb)
	Ventilation unit with shelf mount: 10.5 kg (23.2 lb) Ventilation unit, monitor, and trolley: 46 kg (101 lb) The trolley can accommodate a maximum safe working load ¹¹ of 80 kg (176 lb).
Dimensions, Trolley and shelf mount solutions	See figure below
Dimensions, Combined shelf mount solution, monitor tilt/swivel range	See next page
Monitor	Type: Color TFT, Size: 1920 x 1200 pixels, 17 in (431.8 mm) diagonal
Monitor mounting options	VESA, pole mount, rail mount, handle mount
Trolley accessories	Basket, O2 cylinder holders (two bottles), humidifier mounting system, additional standard rail,

bed docking system

The maximum safe working load applies to a stationary, properly load-balanced trolley.

Figure 1. HAMILTON-C6 dimensions



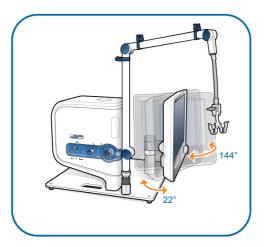
Shelf mount dimensions	See the figures below
Monitor mounted to <i>left</i> of ventilator body,	Monitor tilt range: Forward = 30°; Backward = 37°
monitor tilt and swivel ranges (see top figure below)	Monitor swivel range: 34° to the left from neutral
Monitor mounted to <i>right</i> of ventilator body,	Monitor tilt range: Forward = 30°; Backward = 37°
monitor tilt and swivel ranges (see bottom figure below)	Monitor swivel range: 144° to the right from neutral to 22° to the left

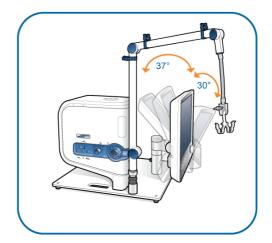
Figure 2. Shelf mount dimensions, monitor mounted to the *left* of the ventilator body, monitor swivel and tilt ranges





Figure 3. Shelf mount dimensions, monitor mounted to right of ventilator body, monitor swivel and tilt ranges





All angles in the figures above are relative to the monitor facing forward, with the bottom of the monitor parallel to the shelf plate, at a 90° angle relative to the floor. References to *left* and *right* refer to the reader's left and right, viewing the monitor from the front.

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